# **GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2017

# FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditors' Report1
Management's Discussion and Analysis
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Statement of Net Position
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Statement of Cash Flows15
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of Funding Progress for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

FINANCIAL SECTION

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# **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Directors Goleta Sanitary District Goleta, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Goleta Sanitary District (District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Goleta Sanitary District, as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12, the Schedule of Funding Progress for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions on page 35, the Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability on page 36, and the Schedule of Pension Contributions on page 37, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Goleta Sanitary District's 2016 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated December 12, 2016. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, is consistent in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report January 5, 2018, on our consideration of the Goleta Sanitary District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Moss, Ling & Haugheim LLP

Santa Maria, California January 5, 2018

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Goleta Sanitary District, we offer readers of the Goleta Sanitary District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Goleta Sanitary District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the audit report.

# **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Goleta Sanitary District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$93,092,933 and \$92,275,481 at the close of the June 30, 2017 and 2016 fiscal year, respectively.
- The District's total net position increased by \$817,452 as of June 30, 2017 and increased by \$899,849 as of June 30, 2016.
- The combination of operating and non-operating revenues, less operating expenses results in a loss in the amount of (\$15,203) as of June 30, 2017 and income in the amount of \$420,255 as of June 30, 2016.
- Capital contributions were made to the District in the amount of \$832,655 and \$479,594 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.
- The District is not carrying any debt.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Goleta Sanitary District's basic financial statements. The Goleta Sanitary District's basic financial statements comprise two components: 1) government-wide financial statements, and 2) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Goleta Sanitary District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Goleta Sanitary District's is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. earned but unused vacation leave, or compensated absences).

The Goleta Sanitary District has only business type activities and that business-type activity is the provision of sanitation services to the community.

The financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 16 of the audit report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Goleta Sanitary District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The various funds are presented in the accompanying financial statements as a proprietary fund category, enterprise fund type.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 17-33 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Goleta Sanitary District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees on pages 35-37.

# **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Goleta Sanitary District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$93,092,933 and \$92,275,481 at the close of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

By far the largest portion of the Goleta Sanitary District's net position, \$74,248,579 (79.8 percent) and \$75,100,179 (81.4 percent) as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Goleta Sanitary District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Goleta Sanitary District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

June 30, 2017

June 30, 2016

	Julie 50, 2017	Julie 30, 2010
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets Total Assets	\$ 16,393,977 80,089,168 \$ 96,483,145	\$ 14,584,352 81,213,008 \$ 95,797,360
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 1,237,242</u>	<u>\$ 597,264</u>
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities	$ \begin{array}{r} & 621,079 \\ \underline{3,820,252} \\ \$ & 4,441,331 \end{array} $	\$ 775,647 <u>2,894,962</u> \$ 3,670,609
Deferred Inflow of Resources Net Position:	<u>\$ 186,123</u>	<u>\$ 448,534</u>
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 74,248,579 5,840,589 13,003,765	\$ 75,100,179 6,112,829 11,062,473
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 93,092,933</u>	<u>\$ 92,275,481</u>

# **GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT'S NET ASSETS**

An additional portion of the Goleta Sanitary District's net position, \$5,840,589 (6.3%) and \$6,112,829 (6.6%) as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$13,003,765 and \$11,062,473 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Goleta Sanitary District is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Charts comparing the Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources of the last two fiscal years are represented on the following two pages.



# ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES FY 15-16







**Business-type activities.** The business-type activities increased the Goleta Sanitary District's net position by \$817,452 and \$899,849 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The key elements are as follows: operating and non-operating expenses exceeded operating and nonoperating revenues by \$15,203 as of June 30, 2017 whereas operating and non-operating revenues exceeded operating and nonoperating expenses by \$420,255 as of June 30, 2016. Capital contributions to the District's system totaled \$832,655 and \$479,594 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. This is a net increase of \$353,061 in capital contributions as of June 30, 2017 and there was a net decrease of \$35,779 reported as of June 30, 2016. The total revenues and capital contributions exceeded expenses during the 2016-2017 fiscal year. The District's construction in progress value of \$937,140 has been recorded as capitalized amounts as detailed in Note 4 on page 25.

	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016
Revenues:				
Service Charges	\$	7,792,310	\$	7,882,042
Other Operating		2,537,116		2,383,521
Non-operating		338,367		287,162
Sub-total:	\$	10,667,793	\$	10,552,725
Expenses:				
Sewer Collection	\$	1,834,239	\$	1,696,881
Sewage Treatment		6,701,156		6,409,674
Plant Pump Station		165,130		124,978
Sewage Disposal		198,789		107,024
Administrative		1,094,159		1,076,231
Wastewater Reclamation		689,523		693,235
Non-operating		0		24,447
Total Expenses:	\$	10,682,996	\$	10,132,470
Net income/(loss) before Capital Contributions:	(\$	15,203)	\$	420,255
Capital Contributions		832,655		479,594
Increase in Net Position	\$	817,452	\$	899,849
Net Position – Beginning of Year		92,275,481		91,375,632
Net Position – End of Year	<u>\$</u>	93,092,933	<u>\$</u>	92,275,481

# GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT'S CHANGE IN NET POSITION

# **REVENUES FY 16-17**



# **REVENUES FY 15-16**



# **EXPENSES FY 16-17**



# **EXPENSES FY 15-16**





# **REVENUES AND EXPENSES FY 16-17**

# **REVENUES AND EXPENSES FY 15-16**



# **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** The Goleta Sanitary District's investment in capital assets for its business type activities as of June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 amounts to \$74,248,579 and \$75,100,179 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and systems, improvements, machinery and equipment.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Purchase of a Collections department Ford F350 Utility Truck and the three sewer rehabilitation projects: La Ramada Drive, Vega Drive and Cathedral Oaks bypass. The Treatment Plant completed Digester #3 rehabilitation project; welding shop electrical project; Aeration basin blower replacement; Ferris chloride pump replacement project; Huber step screen bearing replacement; WIMS installation; and purchased two utility golf carts and emergency trailer mounted generator.

Construction in progress projects includes 2017 pipeline rehabilitation project and asset management project for the Collections department. The treatment Plant has ongoing projects related to the Diesel Tank replacement; Asset management program; Storm water drainage improvement, Biosolids handling project and transition to Lucity.

# **GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT'S CAPITAL ASSETS**

	J	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		ine 30, 2015
Land	\$	327,243	\$	327,243	\$	327,243
Construction in Progress		937,140		806,837		302,207
Collection Facilities		24,429,599		23,063,296		23,025,225
Treatment Facilities		69,201,033		68,536,536		68,086,640
Disposal Facilities		3,743,731		3,743,731		3,743,731
Admin Facilities and all vehicles		3,183,668		3,415,649		2,993,230
Wastewater Reclamation		15,154,981		15,134,534		15,083,847
Total	\$	116,977,395	\$	115,027,826	<u>\$</u>	113,562,123
Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$	(42,728,816)	\$	(39,927,647)	<u>\$</u>	(36,644,535)
Net Capital Assets	\$	74,248,579	\$	75,100,179	\$	76,917,588

Additional information on the Goleta Sanitary District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 25 of this report.

**Long-term debt.** At the end of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Goleta Sanitary District did not hold any current or long-term debt besides compensated absences and pension liability. Information on these two liabilities can be found in Note 5 on page 26 of this report.

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The District sets its user rate schedule to cover the total O&M costs and accommodate an annual contribution to its depreciation reserve fund. After completion of the plant upgrade project the District reduced it sewer service rate by \$2.12/ERU/month in FY 2015-16 and carried over into FY 2016-17. The District reviewed and adjusted its sewer service rates for FY 2017-18 to accommodate increased O&M costs due to inflation.

# **Other Post-Employment Benefits**

The District provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit fund which is administered by CalPERS. In 2009, the District joined the CalPERS medical program. An actuarial was performed during the 2015-2016 fiscal year to determine the District's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) to the OPEB Fund in order to meet the obligation of providing the Retiree Medical Insurance. The actuarial report prepared during Fiscal Year 2015-2016 reported an ARC of \$300,926 for FY16-17 and the report showed an ARC of \$290,853 for FY15-16. The District paid \$193,272 to CERBT, towards the annual liability and paid a sum of \$93,552 to the retirees as reimbursement for premiums paid by them and \$13,918 directly to CalPERS for the Retiree health insurance coverage. A total of \$300,742 in cash payments is credited towards the ARC for fiscal 2016-17.

The Actuarial Report noted that the total Unfunded Actuarial Accrued liability projected as of July 1, 2015 was \$2,093,987 as defined by the actuarial analysis dated March 4, 2016. Any payments above the annual required contribution (ARC) level reduce this liability.

# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Goleta Sanitary District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the General Manager, Goleta Sanitary District, One William Moffett Place, Goleta, CA 93117.

# **GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT**

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - ENTERPISE FUND

June 30, 2017

With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2016

		2017	 2016
Assets			
Current:			
Cash and investments	\$	15,115,239	\$ 13,433,073
Receivables:			
Accounts		1,075,906	956,821
Accrued interest		30,190	15,450
Inventories		106,646	119,207
Prepaid expenses		65,996	 59,801
Total Current Assets		16,393,977	 14,584,352
Noncurrent:			
Restricted:			
Cash and investments		5,304,625	5,802,647
Accrued interest receivable		12,048	7,585
Net OPEB Asset		523,916	302,597
Capital assets - net		74,248,579	75,100,179
Total Noncurrent Assets		80,089,168	 81,213,008
Total Assets		96,483,145	 95,797,360
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred pensions		1,237,242	597,264
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<b></b>	1,237,242	597,264
Liabilities			
Current:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		621,079	775,647
Total Current Liabilities		621,079	 775,647
Noncurrent:			
Accrued compensation		172,886	155,861
Net pension liability		3,647,366	2,739,101
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,820,252	 2,894,962
Total Liabilities		4,441,331	 3,670,609
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred pensions		186,123	448,534
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		186,123	 448,534
Total Deletted Innows of Resources	<del></del>	100,125	 440,004
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets		74,248,579	75,100,179
Restricted		5,840,589	6,112,829
Unrestricted		13,003,765	 11,062,473
Total Net Position		93,092,933	\$ 92,275,481

# **GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT**

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -ENTERPRISE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

	2017	2016	
Operating Revenues:			
Service charges	\$ 7,792,310	\$ 7,882,042	
Permit and inspection fees	87,908	51,496	
Sewage treatment-other agencies	2,305,867	2,187,789	
Administrative charges	143,341	144,236	
Total operating revenues	10,329,426	10,265,563	
Operating Expenses:			
Sewage collection	1,834,239	1,696,881	
Sewage treatment	6,701,156	6,409,674	
Plant pump station	165,130	124,978	
Sewage disposal	198,789	107,024	
Administrative and general	1,094,159	1,076,231	
Wastewater reclamation	689,523	693,235	
Total operating expenses	10,682,996	10,108,023	
Operating income (loss)	(353,570)	157,540	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):			
Property tax	148,801	142,920	
Intergovernmental	766	782	
Investment earnings	97,901	79,708	
Interest expense		(2,022)	
Annexation charges	24,799	200	
Reimbursements from participating agencies	6,295	4,310	
Other	49,751	59,242	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	10,054	(22,425)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	338,367	262,715	
Income (loss) before capital contributions	(15,203)	420,255	
Capital contributions	832,655	479,594	
Change in net position	817,452	899,849	
Net position, beginning of fiscal year	92,275,481	91,375,632	
Net position, end of fiscal year	\$ 93,092,933	\$ 92,275,481	

# **GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

		2017		2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers	\$	10,210,341	\$	10,301,332
Payments to suppliers		(2,986,375)		(2,491,008)
Payments to employees		(4,680,789)		(4,389,011)
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,543,177		3,421,313
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Property taxes		148,801		142,920
Intergovernmental		766		782
Reimbursements from other governments		6,295		4,310
Annexation charges		24,799		200
Other revenue		49,751		59,242
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		230,412		207,454
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital contributions		832,655		479,594
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(2,535,223)		(1,493,162)
Interest paid on long-term debt				(2,022)
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		34,425		
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(1,668,143)		(1,015,590)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Interest received		78,698		66,769
Net cash provided by investing activities		78,698		66,769
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,184,144		2,679,946
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		19,235,720		16,555,774
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	20,419,864	\$	19,235,720
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:				
Cash and investments	\$	15,115,239	\$	13,433,073
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ	5,304,625	Ψ	5,802,647
		20,419,864		19,235,720

20172016Reconciliation to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income\$ (353,570) \$ 157,540Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation3,362,4523,288,146Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources: Accounts receivable(119,085)35,769Inventory12,561(1,728)Prepaid expenses(6,195)(8,782)Deferred outflows(639,978)(199,033)Accounts payables(154,568)482,180Net OPEB obligation(221,319)1,367Compensated absences17,02537,629Net pension liability908,265(20,109)Deferred inflows(262,411)(351,666)Net cash provided by operating activities\$ 2,543,177\$ 3,421,313	<b>GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT</b> STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - ENTERPRISE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 With Comparative Totals for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016			
provided by operating activities:\$ (353,570)\$ 157,540Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation3,362,4523,288,146Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources: Accounts receivable(119,085)35,769Inventory12,561(1,728)Prepaid expenses(6,195)(8,782)Deferred outflows(639,978)(199,033)Accounts payables(154,568)482,180Net OPEB obligation(221,319)1,367Compensated absences17,02537,629Net pension liability908,265(20,109)Deferred inflows(262,411)(351,666)			2017	 2016
Operating income\$ (353,570)\$ 157,540Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation3,362,4523,288,146Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources: 				
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation3,362,4523,288,146Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources: Accounts receivable(119,085)35,769Inventory12,561(1,728)Prepaid expenses(6,195)(8,782)Deferred outflows(639,978)(199,033)Accounts payables(154,568)482,180Net OPEB obligation(221,319)1,367Compensated absences17,02537,629Net pension liability908,265(20,109)Deferred inflows(262,411)(351,666)				
cash provided by operating activities: Depreciation3,362,4523,288,146Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources: Accounts receivable(119,085)35,769Inventory12,561(1,728)Prepaid expenses(6,195)(8,782)Deferred outflows(639,978)(199,033)Accounts payables(154,568)482,180Net OPEB obligation(221,319)1,367Compensated absences17,02537,629Net pension liability908,265(20,109)Deferred inflows(262,411)(351,666)	Operating income	\$	(353,570)	\$ 157,540
Depreciation3,362,4523,288,146Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources: Accounts receivable(119,085)35,769Inventory12,561(1,728)Prepaid expenses(6,195)(8,782)Deferred outflows(639,978)(199,033)Accounts payables(154,568)482,180Net OPEB obligation(221,319)1,367Compensated absences17,02537,629Net pension liability908,265(20,109)Deferred inflows(262,411)(351,666)	Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net			
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources: Accounts receivable(119,085)35,769Inventory12,561(1,728)Prepaid expenses(6,195)(8,782)Deferred outflows(639,978)(199,033)Accounts payables(154,568)482,180Net OPEB obligation(221,319)1,367Compensated absences17,02537,629Net pension liability908,265(20,109)Deferred inflows(262,411)(351,666)	cash provided by operating activities:			
liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:Accounts receivable(119,085)35,769Inventory12,561(1,728)Prepaid expenses(6,195)(8,782)Deferred outflows(639,978)(199,033)Accounts payables(154,568)482,180Net OPEB obligation(221,319)1,367Compensated absences17,02537,629Net pension liability908,265(20,109)Deferred inflows(262,411)(351,666)	Depreciation		3,362,452	3,288,146
Accounts receivable(119,085)35,769Inventory12,561(1,728)Prepaid expenses(6,195)(8,782)Deferred outflows(639,978)(199,033)Accounts payables(154,568)482,180Net OPEB obligation(221,319)1,367Compensated absences17,02537,629Net pension liability908,265(20,109)Deferred inflows(262,411)(351,666)	Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources,			
Inventory12,561(1,728)Prepaid expenses(6,195)(8,782)Deferred outflows(639,978)(199,033)Accounts payables(154,568)482,180Net OPEB obligation(221,319)1,367Compensated absences17,02537,629Net pension liability908,265(20,109)Deferred inflows(262,411)(351,666)	liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources:			
Inventory12,561(1,728)Prepaid expenses(6,195)(8,782)Deferred outflows(639,978)(199,033)Accounts payables(154,568)482,180Net OPEB obligation(221,319)1,367Compensated absences17,02537,629Net pension liability908,265(20,109)Deferred inflows(262,411)(351,666)	Accounts receivable	£	(119,085)	35,769
Deferred outflows       (639,978)       (199,033)         Accounts payables       (154,568)       482,180         Net OPEB obligation       (221,319)       1,367         Compensated absences       17,025       37,629         Net pension liability       908,265       (20,109)         Deferred inflows       (262,411)       (351,666)	Inventory		12,561	(1,728)
Deferred outflows       (639,978)       (199,033)         Accounts payables       (154,568)       482,180         Net OPEB obligation       (221,319)       1,367         Compensated absences       17,025       37,629         Net pension liability       908,265       (20,109)         Deferred inflows       (262,411)       (351,666)	Prepaid expenses		(6,195)	(8,782)
Net OPEB obligation         (221,319)         1,367           Compensated absences         17,025         37,629           Net pension liability         908,265         (20,109)           Deferred inflows         (262,411)         (351,666)	Deferred outflows		(639,978)	(199,033)
Net OPEB obligation         (221,319)         1,367           Compensated absences         17,025         37,629           Net pension liability         908,265         (20,109)           Deferred inflows         (262,411)         (351,666)	Accounts payables		(154,568)	482,180
Compensated absences         17,025         37,629           Net pension liability         908,265         (20,109)           Deferred inflows         (262,411)         (351,666)			• • •	1,367
Net pension liability         908,265         (20,109)           Deferred inflows         (262,411)         (351,666)	-		,	37,629
Deferred inflows (262,411) (351,666)			908,265	(20,109)
	· ·		-	
Net cash provided by operating activities \$ 2,543,177 \$ 3,421,313		<b>Winned To Constant</b>		 <u>`</u>
	Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,543,177	\$ 3,421,313

#### **NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY**

The Goleta Sanitary District (District) was formed in 1942 to provide sewage service for the unincorporated community of Goleta. In 2002, the City of Goleta was incorporated as a general law city of the State of California. The original plant site was owned by the District and the University of California at Santa Barbara. The District is now the sole owner of the plant and the site.

#### **NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### A. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The basic financial statements of the Goleta Sanitary District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("USGAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted setting body for governmental accounting financial reporting purposes.

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise of assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenses. This system permits separate accounting for each established fund for purposes of complying with applicable legal provisions, Board of Director's ordinances and resolutions and other requirements. Also, the accounts have been maintained in accordance with the California State Controller's uniform system of accounts.

The District reports its activities as an enterprise fund, which is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise, where the intent of the District is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The enterprise fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

The District distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from those revenues and expenses that are non-operating. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated by wastewater services while operating expenses pertain directly to the furnishing of those services. Non-operating revenues and expenses are those revenues and expenses generated that are not directly associated with the normal business of supplying wastewater treatment services.

The District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements in accounting and reporting for proprietary operations. It does not apply any FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

### B. Plant Capacity Rights

In 1950, the District entered into an agreement with the University of California at Santa Barbara for the construction and mutual use of a treatment plant and sewer lines. Since that time three other agencies have acquired capacity rights in the sewage treatment facilities.

For the fiscal year, agreements were in effect for the following capacity rights:

	Capacity Rights in Plant		
Goleta Sanitary District	47.87%	55.81%	
Goleta West Sanitary District	40.78%	35.00%	
University of California at Santa Barbara	7.09%	4.70%	
City of Santa Barbara	2.84%	2.60%	
County of Santa Barbara	1.42%	1.89%	
	100.00%	100.00%	

#### C. Budgetary Procedures

Budgetary information is not presented because the District is not legally required to adopt a budget. Although not legally required, an annual budget is prepared, which includes estimates for the District's principal income sources to be received during the fiscal year, as well as estimated expenses and cash reserves needed for operations.

#### D. Deposits and Investments

For purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity period, at purchase, of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

As a governmental entity other than an external investment pool in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, the District's investments are stated at fair value except for interest-earning investment contracts.

## E. Prepaid Costs

Payments to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2017, are recorded as prepaid items. The District utilizes the consumption method of accounting for purchases, and accounts for prepaid costs in the period that the benefit was received and recognizes expenses as consumed.

#### F. Inventories

Inventories are priced using the lower of cost or market method, determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories consist of expendable supplies, spare parts and fittings.

#### G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the District's enterprise fund. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$2,500.

As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the District values these capital assets at the original estimate.

Construction in Progress – The District occasionally constructs capital assets for its own use in the plant operations and within its sewer collection system. The costs associated within these projects are accumulated in a construction in progress account while the project is being developed. Once the project is completed, the entire cost of the constructed assets are transferred to the capital assets account and depreciated over the estimated useful life of the capital assets.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed, if material. For the current fiscal year, no interest was capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over estimated useful lives as follows:

Collection Lines	50 years
Buildings	40 years
Pumping and Treatment Equipment	10-25 years
Office Equipment	3 - 10 years

#### H. Compensated Absences Liability

Employees are entitled to accumulate vacation leave at a rate of two, three, four, or five weeks per year, depending on the number of years of service completed. Vacation leave is fully vested and any unused leave will be paid to employees upon termination of employment. Employees are also entitled to accumulate comp time when they work overtime, they are called back to work, or they are on standby. The rates of the accrual vary by employees and no employee can accumulate more than 40 hours.

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the liability is reflected on the Statement of Net Position and the current year allocation has been expensed. The balance at June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$172,886 and \$155,861 respectively. The full amount is shown as a noncurrent liability because it is not expected to be paid out within the next year.

# I. Restricted Assets

Amounts shown as restricted assets have been restricted by either bond indenture, by law, or contractual obligations to be used for specified purposes, such as servicing bonded debt and construction of capital assets.

#### J. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions represent utility plant additions contributed to the District by property owners, other agencies, or developers. Depreciation of contributed utility plant assets are charged to operations.

#### K. Uncollectible Accounts

Uncollectible accounts are determined using the allowance method based upon prior experience and management's assessment of the collectability of existing specific accounts.

#### L. **Property Taxes**

Tax levies are limited to 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) which results in a tax rate of \$1.00 per \$100 assessed valuation, under the provisions of Proposition 13. Tax rates for voter-approved indebtedness are excluded from this limitation.

Property taxes are attached annually on January 1 proceeding the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. The fiscal year begins July 1 and ends June 30 of the following year. Taxes are levied on both real and unsecured personal property as it exists at that time. Liens against real estate, as well as the tax on personal property, are not relieved by subsequent renewal or change of ownership.

Tax collections are the responsibility of the county tax collector. Taxes and assessments on secured and utility rolls, which constitute a lien against the property, may be paid in two installments; the first is due on November 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by December 10; and the second is due February 1 of the fiscal year and is delinquent if not paid by April 10. Unsecured personal property taxes do not constitute a lien against real property unless the taxes become delinquent. Payment must be made in one installment, which is delinquent if not paid by August 31 of the fiscal year. Significant penalties are imposed by the county for late payments.

The District does not receive a substantial amount of property taxes. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the District received \$148,801 and \$142,920, respectively. The District does not receive property tax from every parcel in its service area, only those parcels for which the property taxes were negotiated at the time it was annexed.

#### M. Use of Estimates

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and necessarily include amounts based on estimates and assumptions by Management. Actual results could differ from those amounts.

#### N. <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Goleta Sanitary District's California Public Employee's Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

# O. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position," and GASB Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities," the District recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has one item which qualify for reporting in this category; refer to Note 8 for a detailed listing of the deferred outflows of resources the District has reported.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has one item which qualify for reporting in this category; refer to Note 8 for a detailed listing of the deferred inflows of resources the District has reported.

# P. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 requires that the difference between assets added to the deferred outflows of resources and liabilities added to the deferred inflows of resources be reported as net position. Net position is classified as either net investment in capital assets, restricted, or unrestricted.

Net position that is net investment in capital assets consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding principal of related debt. Restricted net position is the portion of net position that has external constraints placed on it by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

# Q. Future Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statements listed below will be implemented in future financial statements:

Statement No. 75	"Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
Statement No. 81	"Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016.
Statement No. 82	"Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
Statement No. 83	"Certain Asset Retirement Obligations"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018.
Statement No. 84	"Fiduciary Activities"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018.
Statement No. 85	"Omnibus 2017"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
Statement No. 86	"Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017.
Statement No, 87	"Leases"	The provisions of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019.

# R. Comparative Data/Totals Only

Comparative total data for the prior fiscal year has been presented in certain accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the District's financial position, operations, and cash flows. Also, certain prior fiscal amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current fiscal year financial statements presentation.

#### **NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2017 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	 2017		
Cash on hand	\$ 259	\$	338
Deposits with financial intitutions	1,643,355		1,579,087
Investments	 18,776,250		17,656,295
	\$ 20,419,864	<u>\$</u>	19,235,720

# NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and investments listed above, are presented on the accompanying statement of net position, as follows:

	 2017	2016
Cash and investments	\$ 15,115,239	\$ 13,433,073
Restricted cash and investments	 5,304,625	 5,802,647
Total cash and investments	\$ 20,419,864	\$ 19,235,720

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District had investments in the Local Agency Investment Fund, however, this external pool is not measured under Level 1, 2 or 3.

#### Investments Authorized by the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	<u>Of Portfolio</u>	in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Federal Agency Securities	N/A	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase and Reverse Repurchase			
Agreements	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	5 years	15%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	N/A	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
State Registered Warrants, Notes or			
Bonds	N/A	None	None
Notes and Bonds for other Local			
California Agencies	5 years	None	None

# Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

#### NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

		2017				
			Remaining	Maturity (in N	fonths)	
	Carrying	12 Months	13-24		25-60	More than
Investment Type	 Amount	 Or Less	 Months		Months	 60 Months
State investment pool (LAIF)	\$ 18,776,250	\$ 18,776,250	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
	\$ 18,776,250	\$ 18,776,250	\$ -	\$		\$ -
		2016				
			Remaining	Maturity (in N	lonths)	 
	Carrying	12 Months	13-24		25-60	More than
Investment Type	 Amount	 Or Less	 Months		Months	 60 Months
State investment pool (LAIF)	\$ 17,656,295	\$ 17,656,295	\$ 	\$	-	\$ -
	\$ 17,656,295	\$ 17,656,295	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -

#### **Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below, is the minimum rating required by the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

				2017						
	С	arrying	Minimum Legal			Rating as	of Fiscal Year	End		
Investment Type	A	mount	Rating		AAA		A+		Baa	 Not Rated
State investment pool (LAIF)	\$	18,776,250	N/A	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 18,776,250
	\$	18,776,250		\$	-	<u>s</u>	•	\$	<u>.</u>	\$ 18,776,250
				2016						
	С	arrying	Minimum Legal			Rating as	of Fiscal Year	End		
Investment Type	A	amount	Rating		AAA		A+		Baa	 Not Rated
State investment pool (LAIF)	\$	17,656,295	N/A	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 17,656,295
	\$	17,656,295		\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$ 17,656,295

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2017, \$1,447,340 of the District's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in uncollaterized accounts.

# NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Collateral for Deposits

The collateral for deposits is generally held in safekeeping by the Federal Home Loan Bank in San Francisco as the third-party trustee. The securities are physically held in an undivided pool for all California public agency depositors. The State Public Administrative Office for public agencies and the Federal Home Loan Bank maintain detailed records of the security pool which are coordinated and updated weekly.

The Treasurer, at his or her discretion, may waive the 110% collateral requirement for deposits. Deposit accounts are insured up to \$250,000.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investment. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies to direct investments in marketable securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

# Investment in State Investment Pool

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying basic financial statements at the amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

The LAIF is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments. Each entity may invest up to \$50,000,000 in the fund. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within twenty-four hours without loss of interest. Investments with LAIF are secured by the full faith and credit of the State of California.

LAIF's and the District's exposure to risk (credit, market or legal) is not currently available. Section 16429.3 states that "money placed with the State Treasurer for deposit in the LAIF shall not be subject to impoundment or seizure by any State official or State Agency.

# **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	J	Balance July 1, 2016		Additions		Deletions		Transfers		Balance June 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated:	\$	227.042	¢		\$		¢		\$	207 242
Land Construction in progress	2	327,243 806,837	\$	- 1,601,354	\$	-	\$	- (1,471,051)	Э	327,243 937,140
Total capital assets not	-	800,857		1,001,554				(1,471,051)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
being depreciated	\$	1,134,080	\$	1,601,354	\$	-	\$	(1,471,051)	\$	1,264,383
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Collection facilities	\$	23,063,296	\$	-	\$	(60,260)	\$	1,426,563	\$	24,429,599
Treatment facilities		68,536,536		768,331		(148,322)		44,488		69,201,033
Disposal facilities General administrative facilities		3,743,731 3,415,649		145,091		(377,072)				3,743,731 3,183,668
Wastewater reclamation facility		15,134,534		20,447		(377,072)				15,154,981
waste water restantiation nonky		113,893,746		933,869		(585,654)		1,471,051		115,713,012
Less accumulated depreciation		39,927,647		3,362,452	<u></u>	561,283				42,728,816
Total capital assets being										
depreciated, net	\$	73,966,099	\$	(2,428,583)	\$	(24,371)	\$	1,471,051	\$	72,984,196
Net capital assets	\$	75,100,179	\$	(827,229)	\$	(24,371)	\$	-	\$	74,248,579
		Balance								Balance
		July 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions		Transfers		June 30, 2016
Capital assets not being depreciated:										
Land	\$	327,243	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	327,243
Construction in progress		302,207		685,927				(181,297)		806,837
Total capital assets not					•					
being depreciated	\$	629,450	\$	685,927	\$		\$	(181,297)	\$	1,134,080
being deprecented	φ 	027,430	Ψ 3047004	000,721	Ψ		Ψ #740-054	(101,277)	Ψ #	1,154,000
Capital assets being depreciated:										
Collection facilities	\$	23,025,225	\$	14,974	\$	-	\$	23,097	\$	23,063,296
Treatment facilities		68,086,640		319,155		(27,459)		158,200		68,536,536
Disposal facilities		3,743,731								3,743,731
General administrative facilities		2,993,230		422,419						3,415,649
Wastewater reclamation facility		15,083,847		50,687						15,134,534
	<u>,</u>	112,932,673		807,235		(27,459)		181,297		113,893,746
Less accumulated depreciation		36,644,535	<b>.</b>	3,288,146		5,034	*********	<u> </u>		39,927,647
Total capital assets being										
depreciated, net	\$	76,288,138	\$	(2,480,911)	\$	(22,425)	\$	181,297	\$	73,966,099
Net capital assets	\$	76,917,588	\$	(1,794,984)	\$	(22,425)	\$		\$	75,100,179

# NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following table summarizes the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016:

	Balance July 1, 2016	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Net pension liability	\$ 155,861 2,739,101	\$    167,334 1,465,446	\$ 150,309 557,181	\$ 172,886 3,647,366	\$-
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 2,894,962	\$ 1,632,780	\$ 707,490	\$ 3,820,252	\$
	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2015	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2016	One Year
Compensated absences	118,232	\$ 161,680	\$ 124,051	\$ 155,861	\$-
Net pension liability	2,759,210	1,166,083	1,186,192	2,739,101	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 2,877,442	\$ 1,327,763	\$ 1,310,243	\$ 2,894,962	<u>\$</u>

### **NOTE 6 – NET POSITION**

There are three main components of net position: Net Investment in Capital Assets, restricted and unrestricted. Net Investment in Capital Assets represents the District's capital assets net of depreciation that are unencumbered by debt. Restricted net position consists of amounts that have legal restrictions imposed by parties outside of the reporting entity.

Unrestricted net position is a catchfall for all remaining net position not accounted for in the other two categories.

The following is included in Restricted Net Position:

#### Reserve for Plant Capacity Expansion

This reserve is related to that portion of the District's net position attributable to capacity expansion connection fees. Such fees can only be used for plant expansion. At June 30, 2017 and 2016, this reserve was \$5,316,673 and \$5,810,232, respectively.

#### Reserve for Other Postemployment Benefits

This reserve is for the amount set aside to pay for future other postemployment benefit costs. At June 30, 2017 and 2016, this reserve was \$523,916 and \$302,597, respectively.

# NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is a member of the California Sanitation Risk Management Authority ("Authority"). The following disclosures are made in compliance with GASB Code Section J50.103:

#### A. Description of Joint Powers Authority

The Authority is comprised of 60 members and is organized under a Joint Exercise Powers Agreement pursuant to the California Government Code. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs of insurance and risk management for the pooling of self-insured losses and to purchase excess insurance coverage.

Each member has a representative on the Board of Directors. Officers of the Authority are elected annually by the Board members.

# NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### B. Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

#### General Liability Insurance

Annual deposits are paid by member districts and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. Each member district self-insures at a variable amount for each loss; however, annual premiums are set such that this self-insured retention level is funded on an annual basis through required premiums. Participating districts then share in the next shared pool layer per loss occurrence. Specific coverage includes comprehensive and general automotive liability, personal injury, contractual liability, errors and omissions, sudden and accidental pollution and employment practice liability. Separate deposits are collected from member districts to cover claims between \$0 and \$15,500,000. The pool layer is subject to retrospective adjustment. The District participates in the Authority's General Liability Program.

#### Workers Compensation Insurance

Annual deposits are paid by member districts and are adjusted retrospectively to cover costs. Each member district has first dollar coverage. Losses in excess of \$750,000 are covered by excess insurance purchased by the participating district, as part of the pool, to a limit of \$1 million per accident. The District participates in the Authority's Workers Compensation Program.

#### **Property Protection**

The District participates in the All Risks, Boiler and Machinery, and Flood Property Protection Program, which is underwritten by five insurance companies. The annual deposits are paid by participating member districts and are based upon value at risk and not subject to retroactive adjustments.

The Insurance Authority establishes claim liabilities based on actuarial estimates of the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported.

#### **NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN**

#### A. General Information about the Pension Plan

#### Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plan, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statue and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

#### Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

# A. General Information about the Pension Plans (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided(Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2017, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire Date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2.0% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50-63	52-67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6.5%	
Required employer contribution rates	9.558% + \$188,355	6.930%	

#### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan is determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$429,773 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, the District reported a liability of \$3,647,366 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all Pension Plan participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the District's proportion share of net pension liability for June 30, 2015, and 2016 was as follows:

Proportion-June 30, 2015	0.10312%
Proportion-June 30, 2016	0.10499%
Change-increase(decrease)	0.00187%

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$435,649. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method, and plan benefits. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 ed Inflows of esources
Changes in assumptions	\$	-	\$ 133,101
Differences between expected and actual experience		10,845	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on			
retirement plan investments		692,744	
Difference in proportions		925	53,022
Differences in actual contributions and proportionate			
share of contributions		102,955	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		429,773	
	\$	1,237,242	\$ 186,123

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner.

\$429,773 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount			
2018	\$	41,455		
2019		64,696		
2020		335,767		
2021		179,428		
	\$	621,346		

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous			
Valuation Date	June 30, 2015			
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method			
Actuarial Assumptions:				
Discount Rate	7.65%			
Inflation	2.75%			
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service			
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% Net Pension Plan Investment			
	and Administrative Expenses;			
	includes Inflation			
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership			
	Data for all Funds (1)			
Post Retirement Benefit	Contract COLA up to 2.75% until			
Increase	Purchasing Power Protection Allowance			
	Floor on Purchasing Power applies;			
	2.75% thereafter			
(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERs' specific data.				

(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERs' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for public agency plans (including PERF C), CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing the plans, the tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund, including PERF C. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB No. 68 section.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB No. 67 and No. 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

# B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits were calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New		
	Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10(a)	Years 11+(b)
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2.0%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	1.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%
Total	100.0%		

(a) An expected inflation of 2.5% was used for this period.

(b) An expected inflation of 3.0% was used for this period.

#### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.65 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	6.65%	6.65% 7.65%		
District's proportionate share of the net				
pension plan liability	\$ 5,689,206	\$ 3,647,366	\$ 1,959,888	

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### C. Payable to Pension Plan

At June 30, 2017, the District had no amount outstanding for contributions to the pension plan required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

# NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### A. Plan Description

The District provides other post employment benefits (OPEB) through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Fund (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefits are provided to employees who retire at age 50 or older with five years of eligible CalPERS service. Coverage is also provided to eligible retirees, spouses and surviving spouses. These benefits are provided per contract between the District and the employee associations. Separate financial statements of the CERBT may be obtained by writing to CalPERS at Lincoln Plaza North 400 Q Street, Sacramento, and CA 95814 or by visiting the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

#### B. Funding Policy

In 2009, the District joined the CalPERS medical program. In 2017, the District contributed the full cost of retiree and spousal coverage, up to the cost of PERS Choice coverage in comparison to the "unequal contribution" approach that was used at the inception of the CalPERS medical program. The District's contribution will be based on each retiree's age and enrollment status. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the employee associations. Currently, contributions are not required from plan members.

A contribution of \$340,474 was made during the 2016-2017 fiscal year. The District calculated and recorded a net OPEB obligation, representing the difference between the annual required contribution (ARC) and actual contributions, as presented below:

	2017	2016
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 300,926	\$ 290,853
Interest on net OPEB obligation	(22,256)	(38,896)
Adjustment to ARC	(159,515)	20,380
Annual OPEB cost	119,155	272,337
Contributions made	(340,474)	(270,970)
(Decrease) increase in net OPEB obligation	(221,319)	1,367
Net OPEB Obligation (asset) - Beginning of fiscal year	(302,597)	(303,964)
Net OPEB Obligation (asset) - end of fiscal year	\$ (523,916)	\$ (302,597)

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB (obligation) asset for 2016-2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost		 Actual ntribution (Net of justments)	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)	
6/30/2015	\$	193,047	\$ 240,646	124.66%	\$	(303,964)
6/30/2016	\$	272,337	\$ 270,970	99.50%	\$	(302,597)
6/30/2017	\$	119,155	\$ 340,474	285.74%	\$	(523,916)

# NOTE 9 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

#### C. Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the District are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress below presents multiyear information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. Only two years are presented as there is no complete multiyear trend information to present.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in the actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. In the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation, the entry age normal cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.28% discount rate and a 3.25% annual increase in payroll.

Investment rate of return, which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment return on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated, was based on the funded level of the plan at valuation date, and annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5.0% to 8.3%. The actuarial value of assets is set equal to the reported fair value of assets. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30,2015, was twenty-four years. The number of active participants is 37.

# NOTE 10 – WASTEWATER RECLAMATION PROJECT

The District entered into an agreement, dated October 15, 1990, with the Goleta Water District for construction and operation of a wastewater reclamation project. The project provides for additional treatment of the District's wastewater and to distribute the resulting reclaimed wastewater for use by the Goleta Water District's customers.

The District agreed to provide the additional treatment facilities, which are integrated into the current treatment plant. The Goleta Water District agreed to provide the pumping and distribution facilities for the delivery of the reclaimed water.

The District has provided the site for the Reclamation Facility. The Reclamation Facility is designed to have a treatment, storage, and pumping capacity of 3.3 million gallons per day.

The agreement with the Goleta Water District provides that the Goleta Water District ultimately pay all the costs associated with the design and construction of the project, as well as the operation costs once the facility is completed. The Goleta Water District has the right to the water produced, with certain options.

The project was substantially complete and officially placed in service in August 1994.

# NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

# A. LAND PURCHASE RESTRICTIONS

On December 23, 1980, the District acquired twenty-eight (28) acres of land adjacent to the original plant site for the construction of various structures, ponds and sludge lagoons for the plant expansion project. The acquisition is subject to the condition that should the District or its successors at any time within fifty-nine (59) years cease to use the land, as defined in the deed, for the operation of a wastewater treatment plant for a continuous period of one (1) year, and the land will revert to the seller or its successor, at the acquisition price.

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# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

#### **GOLETA SANITARY DISTRICT** SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the District's post employment healthcare benefits.

## SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

			Unfunded Actuarial			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued			Percent of
Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets	Liability	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
1/1/2010	\$ 272,130	\$2,773,266	\$ 2,501,136	10%	\$ 2,521,908	99%
7/1/2011	\$ 681,082	\$2,434,225	\$1,753,143	28%	\$ 2,610,175	67%
7/1/2013	\$1,056,765	\$2,344,941	\$ 1,288,176	45%	\$ 2,502,533	51%
7/1/2015	\$1,526,856	\$3,620,843	\$ 2,093,987	42%	\$ 2,378,509	88%

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the District's Pension Plan.

	2017		2016		2015	
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.04215%		0.03991%		0.04434%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,647,366	\$	2,739,101	\$	2,759,210
Covered- employee payroll	\$	2,526,857	\$	2,378,509	\$	2,309,232
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as percentage of covered-employee payroll		144.34%		115.16%		119.49%
Plan's total pension liability	\$ 33	,358,627,624	\$ 31	,771,217,402	\$ 30	,829,966,631
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 24,705,532,291		\$ 24,907,305,871		\$ 24,607,502,515	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		74.06%		78.40%		79.82%

\*- Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

The following table provides required supplementary information regarding the District's Pension Plan.

		2017		2016		2015		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	429,773	\$	392,036	\$	398,321		
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(429,773)	\$	(392,036)	\$	(398,321)		
Covered- employee payroll	\$	2,609,634	\$	2,526,857	\$	2,378,509		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		16.47%		15.51%		16.75%		
Notes to Schedule								
Valuation Date:			6/30	/2014				
Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution	on ra	ites:						
Discount Rate			7.50	9%				
Inflation				2.75%				
Salary Increases				Varies by Entry Age and Service				
Investment Rate of Return				7.5% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes Inflation				
Mortality Rate Table (1)				ived using Call a for all Funds	PER	S' Membership		
Post Retirement Benefit Increase			Puro Floc	tract COLA up chasing Power or on Purchasin % thereafter	Pro	tection Allowanc		
(1) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERs' spe The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using So Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table please refer experience study report.	ociety	r of						
Valuation Date: Discount Rate:			6/30 7.65	0/2015 5%				
Changes in assumptions								

The discount rate was changed from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent for and adjustment to exclude administrative expense.

\*- Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.